SOCIAL MEDIA AS A BANK RUN CATALYST

Signature TRST

SVA

J. Anthony Cookson

University of Colorado

VATURE BANK® BANK

Corbin Fox

James Madison University

Javier Gil-Bazo

Universitat Pompeu Fabra

Juan F. Imbet

Université Paris Dauphine

Christoph Schiller

Arizona State University

MOTIVATION

A bank run can be a **self-fulfilling prophecy** (Morris and Shin 2000):

- "good" equilibrium: depositors have a low belief in running $\rightarrow P[run]$ is low.
- "bad" equilibirum: depositors have a high belief in running $\rightarrow P[run]$ is high.

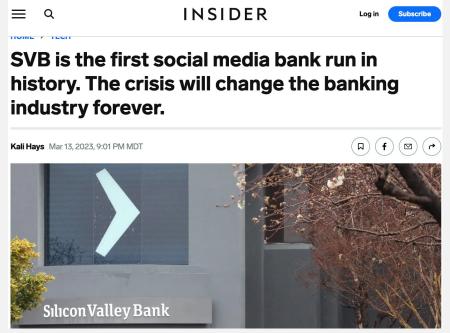
Why/when do depositors end up in the "bad" equilibrium?

• `sunspots', communication via word of mouth, social propagation mechanisms (Angeletos and Werning 2006, Iyer and Puri 2012, Ziebarth 2017)

<u>Our question</u>: Does exposure to social media – as a communication and coordination technology – raise the risk of bank runs?

OUR SETTING THE WAKE OF SILICON VALLEY BANK'S FAILURE

SVB failed: March 10th, 2023



The first "social media, internet bank run in U.S. history"

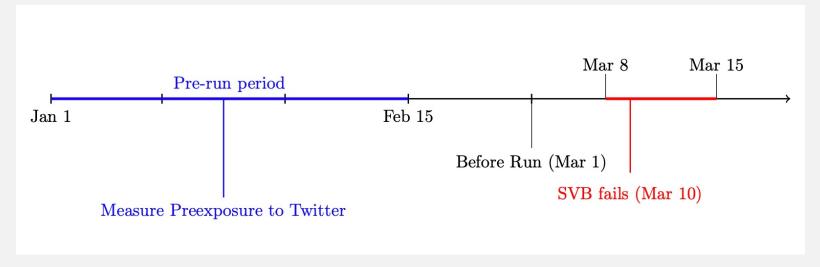
- Senator, Mark Warner

"If a bank has an overwhelming run that's spurred by social media ... so that it is seeing deposits flee at that pace, the bank can be put in danger of failing,"

Janet Yellen, Treasury Secretary

Our Interest: Did social media exposure matter for other banks?

OUR EMPIRICAL STRATEGY: TWITTER DATA AND RUN-PERIOD RETURNS



Outcome is bank stock returns

- High frequency deposit outflows are unavailable (e.g., hourly).
- We also look at Q1:2023 deposit outflows.

A menagerie of complementary tests:

- **CX**. Relate *Twitter preexposure* (*Jan 1 Feb 15*) to *bank stock losses* (*Mar 1 to Mar 15*).
- Also, at high frequency: Hourly within the run & at the tweet level.

OUR FINDINGS

High preexposure to Twitter predicts large bank stock losses and deposit outflows in the run period.

- **6.6 percentage points more stock losses** during the run for top tercile Twitter preexposure.
- By comparison, a sd increase in % uninsured deposits is associated with **4.1 ppt loss**.

Social media amplifies classical bank run risk factors

- Twitter preexposure interacts significantly with % uninsured deposits and mark to market losses.
- Twitter preexposure also predicts outflows of uninsured deposits during Q1:2023.

MECHANISMS

In-Run Twitter conversation was dominated by run and contagion keywords.

Including these in-run tweet activity measures crowds out the preexposure effect.

Tweets started with investors.

- SIVB is Silicon Valley Bank's ticker, but SVB is how general users refer to the bank.
- High frequency effects on returns are not just driven by SIVB.
- Retweets of notable pre-run tweets did not pick up before the run.

Startup or 'tech' Twitter users – *likely depositors in SVB* – played outsized role

- Startup tweets increase during the run, not just for SVB.
- Startup user tweets have more high frequency market impact.

CONTRIBUTION

Bank runs in the age of social media and digital banking

- Classical bank runs are about communication and contagion.
- We contribute to an understanding of this period of banking distress (Jiang et al 2023; Dreschler et al 2023; Koont et al 2023).

Contagion via social media, not just social networks

- Social networks and contagion are thought to be critical for banking distress (Iyer and Puri 2012).
- Social media is not just a social network, but a platform that coordinates ideas.
- Social media's widespread reach & two-way communication are distinctive.

OUTLINE

Introduction

Data and contextual evidence

Cross-sectional tests

High frequency evidence

Conclusions

DATA

- Tweet Data drawn from the Twitter API:
 - 5.4 million cashtagged tweets (\$SIVB, \$FRC...)
 - Publicly traded banks (SIC 602, 603, 609) from 1/1/2020-3/14/2023
 - Tweets on general conversations: "Silicon Valley Bank" or "SVB" and "First Republic Bank"
 - User details on 544,888 Twitter users who contributed these tweets

- Minute-level stock data from FirstRate.
- Banking Data. FDIC and FFIEC.
 - Compute % Asset Decline (mark to market) from 2022:Q1 to 2023:Q1 following Jiang et al (2023).
 - Compute **% Uninsured Deposits**, drawing from the FDIC call reports data.

CONTEXTUAL EVIDENCE

Contextual evidence:

Banks with high pre-run tweet volume also have high volume of run-period "run" and "contagion" tweets.

Run and contagion mentions are rare pre-run, but not after March 8.

Retweets analysis:

Even ex-post prescient tweets about SVB (i.e., Raging Capital Ventures) were not retweeted much before the run began.

Vast majority of retweets of pre-run tweets were after the run began.

High-retweet tweets reflect both information sharing (RCV) and spread of fear (BoA).

CONTENT OF TWEETS AND PRE-RUN EXPOSURE

We build textual dictionaries based on "run" and "contagion" ideas & apply it to the run period.

The top-5 banks by "run" exposure well identify banks with notable run discussions.

	Run	Contagion	Tweets Pre-Run
SIVB	6,528	9,662	1,163
FRC	1,249	1,368	1,257
SI	343	342	20,774
SBNY	260	106	2,403
JPM	206	245	30,063
90th Percentile	3	2	784
	©		

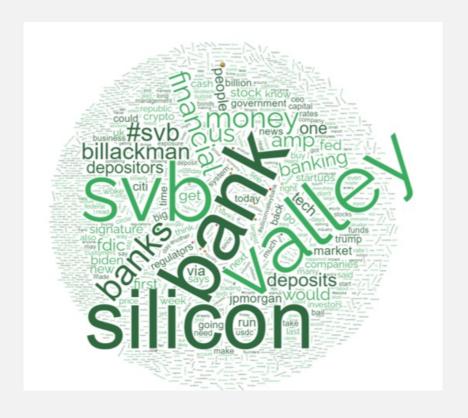
All these banks are high on Tweets pre-run. *Motivates* our exposure strategy.

PRE-RUN VERSUS RUN LANGUAGE

Pre-Run (Jan 1-Feb 15)

Run Period (Mar 8-13)





OUTLINE

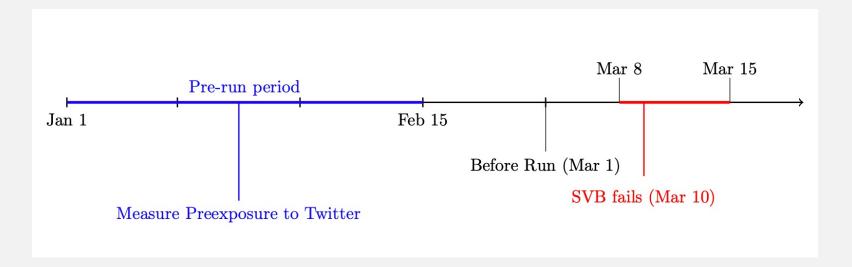
Introduction

Data and contextual evidence

Cross-sectional tests

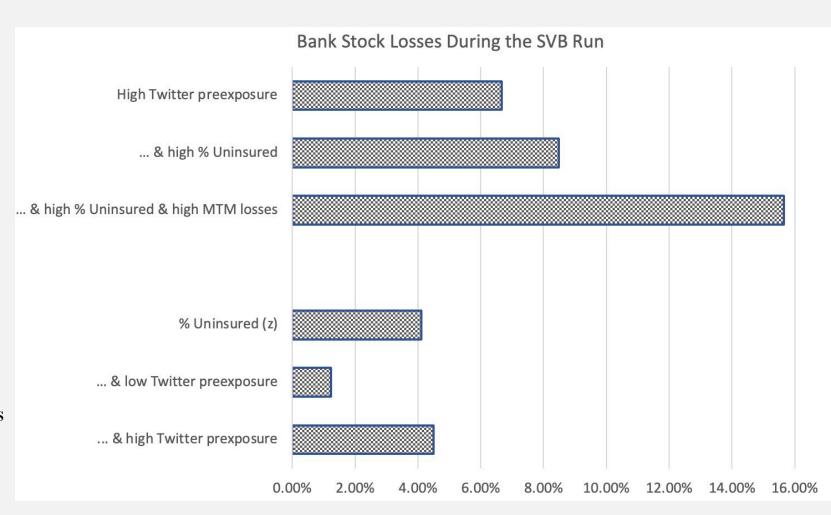
High frequency evidence

Conclusions



BANK STOCK LOSSES DURING SVB RUN

- % Uninsured predicts 4.1pp bank stock losses during run.
- High Twitter Preexposure →
 6.66pp more bank stock losses.
- Interaction between Twitter preexposure and balance sheet health → more stock losses.
 - Main effects on balance sheet variables are small and insignificant.



Separately, Twitter pre-exposure predicts more outflows of uninsured deposits in Q1:2023.

OUTLINE

Introduction

Data and contextual evidence

Cross-sectional tests

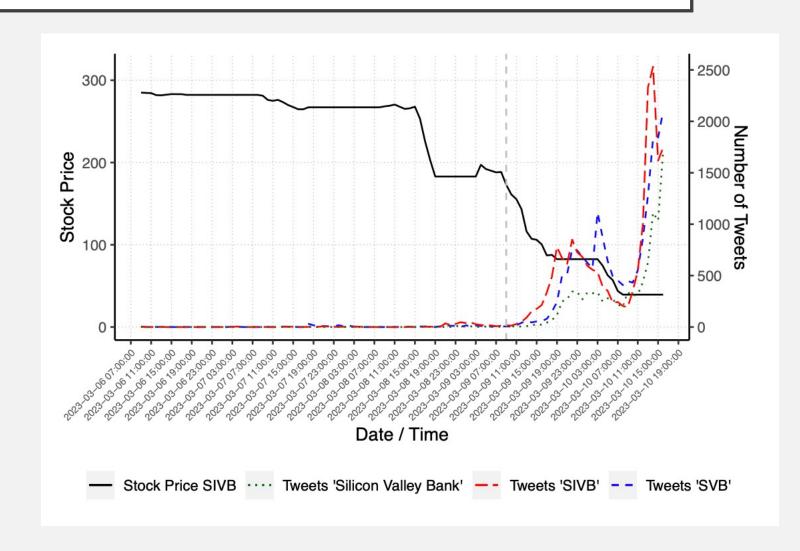
High frequency evidence

Conclusions

DESCRIPTIVE EVIDENCE OF CONVERSATION SPILLOVER (FOR SVB)

SIVB vs SVB

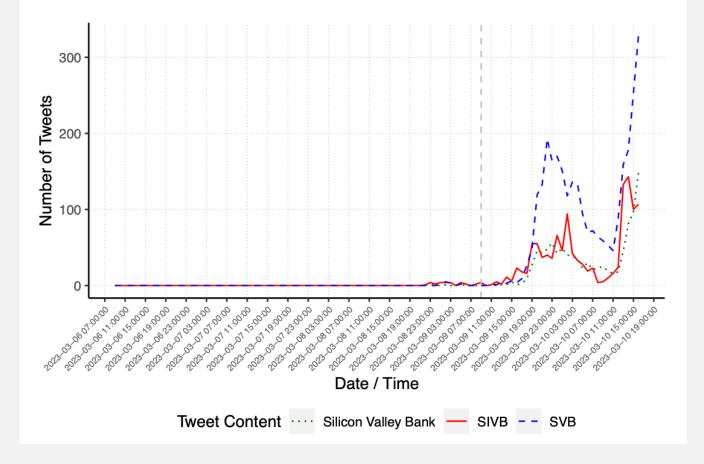
Investor tweets (\$SIVB) spike in volume first, followed by more keywords from more general conversations (SVB, Silicon Valley Bank)



STARTUP COMMUNITY TWEETS COME LATER AND ARE MOSTLY "GENERAL DISCUSSION"

Consistent with "tech" users being depositors.

Twitter Startup Community users post mostly general discussion tweets, which start distinctly after the initial wave of tweets.

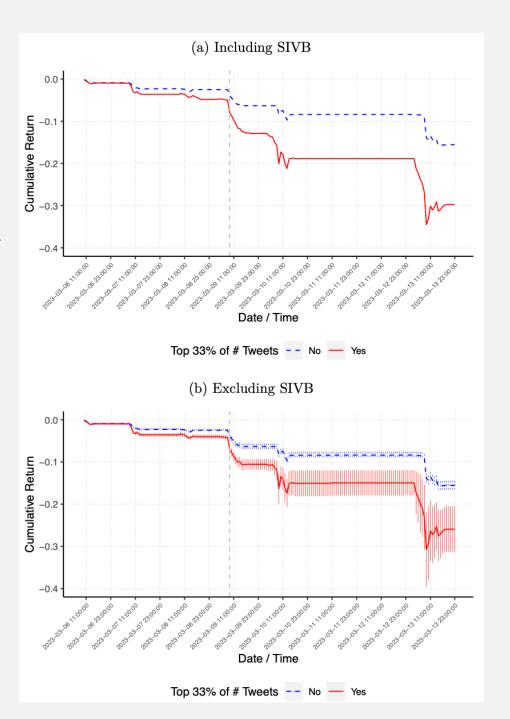


BANK STOCK LOSSES AT HOURLY FREQUENCY

More tweet volume predicts worse bank stock performance at the hourly frequency in the run period.

Top Tercile of Tweets vs Bottom Two Terciles

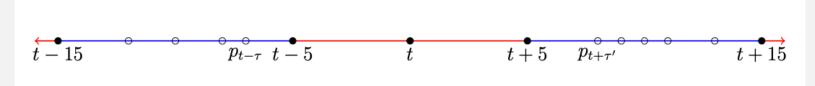
Holds with or without SIVB in the sample.



TWEET-LEVEL TESTS

Following Bianchi et al (2023)

We next examine the immediate impact of tweets in and out of the run, examining price change from [-15min,-5min] to [5min,15min]



Outcome is Δp = difference in logged prices ~ 10minutes

$$\Delta p_{it} = p_{i,t+\tau} - p_{i,t-\tau}$$

Even at this timescale, negative sentiment tweets have more impact during the run, especially for tweets that mention contagion or are by tech community.

CONCLUSION

What do we learn from studying the first social media induced bank run?

- Twitter communication and coordination have an **imprint beyond SVB**.
 - Existing run risks are greater in the presence of social media.
 - Social media is distinctive in its *virality*: broad audience reach can come from anywhere.
- Preexposure to Twitter conversation matters, tweets by startup community members (who are depositors) have more impact, so do contagion conversations.